Agriculture et Agroalimentaire Canada

CAI DA - 2003 C12

# Canadian Farm Income Program



# **Guide to Completing the Application**

2002

**Program Year** 















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#### Introduction

The Canadian Farm Income Program (CFIP) provides income protection, on a whole-farm basis, to eligible applicants who have experienced dramatic income reductions caused by circumstances beyond their control.

This guide provides instructions on how to complete the *CFIP 2002 Application*. This guide should be used in conjunction with the *CFIP 2002 Program Handbook*, which contains important information and guidelines on CFIP.

The following supplementary forms are contained in separate packages that can be obtained by contacting CFIP:

- Supplementary Schedules for Non-NISA Participants - to be completed by applicants who do not participate in the NISA program;
- Modified Accrual Accounting Option (MAAO) Schedules - to be completed by applicants who wish to apply modified accrual adjustments to their reference margin;
- Receivables Adjustment for Pooled
   Commodities (RAPC) Schedules to be
   completed by applicants who wish to or are
   required to perform a receivables adjustment in
   the claim year for income related to pooled
   commodities.

Prior years' income and expense information: If you have participated in the NISA program for each of the previous three years (or previous five years if you wish to use the Olympic average reference margin option), you do not need to submit income and expense information for your prior years. CFIP will use the information you submitted to NISA to calculate your prior years' program margins.

If you do not participate in the NISA program, or if you did not participate in NISA for one or more of the previous three years (or previous five years if you wish to use the Olympic average reference margin option), you must submit copies of your Statement of Farming Activities (individuals) OR financial statements (corporations) for each year you did not participate in NISA, unless this information was already submitted through a previous CFIP or Agricultural Income Disaster Assistance (AIDA) program application.

**Partnerships:** Each partner in a partnership must file a separate CFIP application, reporting 100% of the partnership's income and expense information.

Multiple Operations: If you are involved in multiple farming operations, assign a number to each operation and complete a CFIP application for each operation.

Note: If your income or expenses fluctuate significantly between your claim and reference years, or if insufficient detail on your income and expenses is available, CFIP may contact you to obtain the additional information necessary to verify your application. If there are discrepencies between any figures which you provide on your 2002 application and those you provided on a previous CFIP or AIDA application, please attach a detailed explanation.

Submit completed applications to:

CFIP P.O. Box 1816 Station Main Winnipeg, Manitoba R3C 3R1

The deadline for submitting completed CFIP 2002 Applications is **October 1, 2003.** 

Note: If any of the information or attachments are missing or incomplete, the application will be returned to the applicant. It is the applicant's responsibility, even if a third party completes an application on their behalf, to ensure that their completed application has been submitted to and received by CFIP prior to the application deadline. Applications will not be considered to be received by the deadline unless all of the required information and documentation has been provided.

For further assistance, refer to:

- the CFIP toll-free information line: 1-888-343-1064 (English) 1-888-592-4314 (French)
- the CFIP website: http://www.agr.gc.ca/cfip (English) http://www.agr.gc.ca/pcra (French)

## Completing the Application

- All applicants must complete Parts 1 through 6 of the CFIP 2002 Application.
- If you wish to use the Olympic average reference margin option, you must provide information for the 1997 and 1998 reference years on Parts 2b, 2c, and 3. If there are any discrepancies between the figures which you provide on your 2002 application and the figures you provided on a previous CFIP application, please attach a detailed explanation.
- If you file to Canada Customs and Revenue Agency (CCRA) on the accrual basis for all years, you do not need to complete Parts 4a, 4b, 4c, and certain sections of Parts 5 and 6 (see pages 15 and 17 for more details).

## Part 1 Applicant Information

Applicant		Contact Person		
Name	0	Name Address	2	Has this information changed since your last CFIP application?
Town/City	Province Postal Code	Town/City	Province	Postal Code
Telephone Number (Days)	Telephone Number (Evenings)	Telephone Number (Days)	Facsimile Numb	per
For this application, are you a	applying for CFIP as:			
an individual	a corporation	a co-operative	a trust	a commune
Enter Social Insurance Number	Enter Business Number		Enter Trust Acco	ount Number
Are you, or do you intend to 2002 stabilization year?	be a NISA participant for the	☐Yes ☐ No NISA	PIN:	
Did you carry on a farming b	usiness as (check all applicable l	boxes):		
a sole proprietorship a	shareholder of a corporation	a member of a partnership at	rust 🗌 a membe	er of a co-operative
6 Province of main farmstead:	Provin	nce of residence at 2002 fiscal pe	riod-end:	
e) Indicate the number of years	you have farmed:			
f) Indicate your language of pre	eference: English	French		
g) If you are applying as a corpo	oration, indicate the date of inco		Month Day	
h) If the corporation has been o	lissolved, provide the date of dis		Month Day	
i) If the participant is deceased	, provide the date of death:	Year	Month Day	
Are you a current or former f	ederal public office holder or pu	ublic servant? Yes No		

## Part 1 Applicant Information

- 1 Provide the name and address details of the applicant. The address that is indicated in this section is the address to which any payments will be sent. Enter only one name. Partners must file separate applications.
- 2 If someone has filled out the application on your behalf and you wish CFIP to contact them for further information, please fill out the contact person details. CFIP will communicate first with your contact person and send written correspondence to both you and your contact person. If applicable, indicate whether or not your contact person information differs from the information that you provided on your previous CFIP application.
- a) Each operation must submit a separate application. If you are involved in more than one farming business, please submit a separate and complete application for each farming business. Individuals must provide their Social Insurance Number (SIN). Corporations and co-operatives must provide their Business Number. Trusts and communal organizations must provide their Trust Account Number.

- (4) b) If you currently participate or intend to participate in NISA for the 2002 stabilization year, please provide your PIN. CFIP uses your PIN to retrieve information from NISA which speeds up the processing of your application.
- (5) c) Indicate all types of farming businesses in which you participate. For example, if you are a member of a partnership, are a shareholder of a corporation, and have your own individual farm, you would check each applicable box. CFIP uses this information to associate all relevant farming information to your claim.
- **(6)** d) Province of main farmstead is where you carry on the majority of your farming activity. Province of residence is the province to which you pay your income tax.
- j) Indicate if the applicant is a current or former federal public office holder or public servant. If the applicant is a corporation, co-operative/commune, or a partner in a partnership, indicate "Yes" if one or more shareholders, members, or partners is a current or former federal public office holder or public servant.

## Part 2a Farming Information

a)	Indicate the major reasons for the decline in your farming operation's 2002 program margin. Check a you must provide a written description in the area below.	all the boxes t	hat apply and	
	☐ Weather / Production ☐ Input Cost / Expense ☐ Price ☐ Other (specify)		lb/a	
	Description of disaster(s) indicated above:			
	0			
b)	If there has been a structural change in your farming operation, indicate the type of structural change apply and you must provide a written description in the area below.	e. Check all t	he boxes that	
	☐ Size of Operation ☐ Type of Farming Practice ☐ Business Structure ☐ Other (specify) ☐			
	Description of structural change:	TO TONTO	n r i i i	
C)	Were you in a crop-share landlord arrangement in 2002 or any of the previous years?	☐ Yes	□ No	
	Were you in a crop-share tenant arrangement in 2002 or any of the previous years?			
	If you answered "Yes" to either of the above, provide a written description of your crop-share arranged to the above of the above of the above.	gement(s) bel	ow:	
	Description of crop-share arrangement:			
	3			
d)	For your main farmstead, indicate its:			
	Rural Municipality Name: Rural Municapility Number:			
	Legal Land Description:			
e)	On what basis of accounting do you file your tax information to CCRA?	☐ Cash	☐ Accrual	
	On what basis of accounting do you file to NISA (if applicables)	☐ Cash	☐ Accrual	
	Has your basis of accounting for CCRA and/or NISA changed in any of the claim or reference years?	Yes	□ No	
f)	Did you receive a provincial program payment in your claim 6 reference years? (See <i>Guide to Completing the Application</i> , page 5)	☐ Yes	□ No	

## Part 2a Farming Information

- a) Reasons for Decline in Claim Year Income: CFIP uses this information to assess the disaster on your farm. Check all applicable boxes and provide a written explanation for each reason that you check (e.g.,: "Weather / Production" barley hailed out; "Input Cost / Expense" fertilizer prices higher than previous years; "Price" wheat price dropped at year-end).
- **2** b) Structural Change: "Structural change" is defined as any change to your farming operation that impacts its potential for profit. Structural changes include (but are not restricted to) changes in your farming operation's size, productive capacity, farming activities, farming practices, business structure, and/or methods of accounting. CFIP considers and adjusts for structural changes to ensure that your current and prior year program margins accurately reflect your farming operation's current potential for profit.

If your farming operation has undergone a structural change in either the claim or reference years, check all applicable boxes and provide a written description of each structural change (e.g.,: "Size of Operation" - increase / decrease in seeded acres or livestock fed; "Type of Farming Practice" - grains and oilseeds operation adds a livestock operation; "Business Structure" - downsizing of a corporation due to the exit of an actively farming shareholder).

(either as a tenant or as a landlord) in 2002 or any of the previous years. For CFIP purposes, you are considered to be in an allowable crop-share agreement only if you share in the production and price risk of the crop. A strict land rental agreement (receiving or making a set payment for use of land) is not considered an allowable crop-share under CFIP.

- **4 d) Main farmstead:** Indicate the rural municipality (name and number) in which your main farmstead is located, and provide its legal land description.
- **6 e**) **Basis of Accounting:** Indicate the basis of accounting on which you file to CCRA and/or NISA (if applicable). Indicate if there has been a change in your basis of accounting in any of the claim or reference years.
- **6 f) Provincial program payments:** Indicate whether you received, in any of your reference or claim years, any provincial program payments. These may include, but are not limited to, the program payments listed in the table below:

	Provincial Program Payments
SK	Canada-Saskatchewan Adjustment Program Payments Canada-Saskatchewan Unseeded Acreage Payments
МВ	Canada-Manitoba Adjustment Program Payments Manitoba Farm Disaster Assistance Program Payments
NB	Hog Stabilization Payments Market Risk Program Payments Interest Repayments on 1998 PHL-Loans
NS	Pork Risk Management Service Payments Loan Loss Provision Program Payments Beef Performance Program Payments (Option B)

g) Prescribed Drought Regions (PDR): Indicate whether your farming operation was located in a PDR at any time during the 2002 claim year. Detailed information on PDR's is available from the Prairie Farm Rehabilitation Administration.

## Part 2b Acreage Information

Office			711		- 35171		110 11
Use	SECTION A: SEEDED ACRES	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1	Total acres of all "Crop Basket" crops that were seeded						
2	Total acres of all "Forage Basket" crops that were seeded						
136	Total acres of all "Herbs/Spices Basket" crops that were seeded						
144	Total acres of all "Forage Seed Basket" crops that were seeded						
154	Total acres of all "Bean Basket" crops that were seeded	U					
153	Total acres of all "Vegetable Basket" crops that were seeded						
155	Total acres of all "Organic Basket" crops that were seeded					-	
	Acres of other crops that were seeded (specify below)	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
					100 000		
					7		
	Totals:						
				10 20 1			
Office							
Use Only	SECTION B: OTHER ACREAGE INFORMATION	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	Pasture Acres						
	Unseedable Acres	6					
	Summerfallow Acres	9					
	Wasteland Acres						
	Totals:						10 2.5

All applicants must complete Part 2b. CFIP uses the information on this Part to adjust your reference year program margins, where necessary, to account for a structural change that occurred on your farming operation.

If you are a partner, report 100% of the acreage. If you are in a crop share, report only your percentage share of the acreage.

**Note:** If there are any discrepancies between the figures which you provide on your 2002 application and the figures you provided on a previous application, please attach a detailed explanation.

- ① Section A: Under each "basket" category, indicate the *total* number of acres you seeded in each year. Refer to the tables on the following pages to determine which crops fall under each basket in your province. For crops that are not part of a basket, list each separately under the "Other Crops" category and indicate the number of acres that you seeded with each crop in each year.
- **Section B:** Provide a breakdown of the other acres on this farming operation in each year.

Category	refers to acres in that year that were		
Pasture	used as pasture for livestock		
Unseedable	too wet or too dry to seed		
Summerfallow	unseeded for summerfallow purposes		
Wasteland	unusable (e.g.: bushland, sloughs, other normally non-productive acres)		

## Part 2b Baskets for Saskatchewan and Manitoba Crops

CROP BASKETS			
SK	MB		
Beans, Faba	Beans, Faba		
Barley	Barley		
Canary seed	Buckwheat		
Canola, all	Canary seed		
Caraway	Canola, all		
Chickpeas, all	Corn, Grain		
Coriander	Flax, all		
Flax, all	Lentils, all		
Lentils, all	Mixed Grain		
Mustard	Mustard		
Oats	Oats		
Peas, Dry	Peas, Dry		
Rye, all	Rye, all		
Sunflower, all	Sunflower, all		
Sunola	Triticale		
Triticale	Wheat, all		
Wheat, all			

HERBS & SPICES BASKETS		
SK	MB	
Anise	Anise	
Borage	Borage	
Cumin	Caraway Seed	
Dill	Cilantro	
Fenugreek	Coriander	
Fireweed	Cumin	
Ginseng	Dill	
Mint	Fenugreek	
St. John's Wort	Fireweed	
	Ginseng	
	Mint	
	Parsley	
	St. John's Wort	

ORGANIC CROP BASKETS		
SK	MB	
Barley, Organic	Barley, Organic	
Beans, Organic	Beans, Organic	
Buckwheat, Organic	Buckwheat, Organic	
Flax, Organic	Flax, Organic	
Lentils, Organic	Lentils, Organic	
Oats, Organic	Oats, Organic	
Peas, Organic	Peas, Organic	
Quinoa, Organic	Quinoa, Organic	
Radish Seed, Organic	Rye, Organic	
Rye, Organic	Soybeans, Organic	
Soybean, Organic	Wheat, Organic	
Wheat, Organic		

VEGETABLE BASKETS			
SK MB			
Asparagus	Asparagus		
Bean, Wax	Bean, Wax		
Beets	Beets		
Broccoli	Broccoli		
Cabbage	Cabbage		
Cantaloupes	Cantaloupes		
Carrots	Carrots		
Cauliflower	Cauliflower		
Corn, Sweet	Celery		
Cucumbers, Field	Corn, Sweet		
Lettuce, Field	Cucumbers, Field		
Onions	Leeks		
Peas, Sweet	Lettuce, Field		
Peppers, Green	Onions		
Potatoes, all	Peppers, Green		
Pumpkin	Potatoes, all		
Radishes	Pumpkin		
Tomatoes, Field	Radish		
Watermelon	Squash		
	Tomatoes, Field		
	Vegetables, Chinese		
	Watermelon		

FORAGE SEED BASKETS	BEAN BASKETS
SK & MB	SK & MB
Alfalfa	Beans, Black
Bentgrass	Beans, Cranberry
Birdsfoot Trefoil	Beans, Great Northern
Bromes, all	Beans, Kidney
Clover, Alsike	Beans, Pinto
Clover, Red	Beans, Small Red
Clover, Sweet	Beans, White Pea (Navy)
Fescues, all	Soybeans
Wheat Grass, all	FORAGE BASKETS
Green Needle Grass	SK & MB
Indian Grass	Alfalfa / Grass
June Grass, Common	Alfalfa
Kentucky Blue	Alfalfa, dehy
Milkevetch	Hay, all
Millet	Silage, Corn
Orchard Grass	Silage, (all types)
Reed Canary	
Rye Grass, all	
Sainfoin	
Switch Grass	
Timothy	
Tufted Hair Grass	

## Part 2b Baskets for Crops in the Atlantic Provinces

	CROP BASKETS	
NB	NS	NL
Barley, Atlantic	Barley, Atlantic	
Canola, all	Canola, all	
Corn, Grain	Corn, Grain	
Oats	Oats	
Wheat, all, Atlantic	Wheat, all, Atlantic	
	FORAGE BASKETS	
NB	NS	NL
Alfalfa / Grass	Alfalfa / Grass	Alfalfa / Grass
Alfalfa	Alfalfa	Alfalfa
Alfalfa, dehy	Alfalfa, dehy	Alfalfa, dehy
Hay, all	Hay, all	Hay, all
Silage, Corn	Silage, Corn	Silage, Corn
Silage, (all types)	Silage, (all types)	Silage, (all types)
	VEGETABLE BASKET	S
NB	NS	NL
Asparagus	Asparagus	Beets
Bean, Wax	Bean, Wax	Broccoli
Beets	Beets	Cabbage
Cabbage	Cabbage	Carrots
Carrots	Cantaloupes	Cauliflower
Corn, Sweet	Carrots	Lettuce, all
Cucumbers, Field	Cauliflower	Potatoes, all
Onions	Corn, Sweet	Rutabagas
Potatoes, all	Cucumbers, Field	Turnips
Pumpkin	Lettuce, Field	
Squash	Onions	
Tomatoes, Field	Peas, Green	
Turnips	Peppers, Green	
	Potatoes, all	
	Pumpkin	
	Rhubarb	
	Rutabagas	
	Spinach	
	Squash	
	Tomatoes, Field	
	Turnips	

## Part 2c Livestock Information

Office Use Only	SALES OF BEEF (raised from birth)	Units	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1038	All animals sold (up to 900 lbs)	# of head						
1039	All animals sold (901 lbs and over)	# of head						
	SALES OF BEEF (purchased)	Units	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1040	All animals sold (up to 900 lbs)	# of head						
1041	All animals sold (901 lbs and over)	# of head						
	SALES OF HOGS (raised from birth)	Units	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1042	Isoweans (birth to 18 lbs)	# of head						
1043	Weanlings (19 to 65 lbs)	# of head	U					
1044	Growers (66-180 lbs)	# of head						
1045	Farrow to finish (181 lbs and over)	# of head						
	SALES OF HOGS (purchased)	Units	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
1046	All slaughter hogs	# of head						
	OTHER (specify below)	Units	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	ON B: PRODUCTIVE CAPACITY							
Office Use Only		Units	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
	Cattle	Units # of cows that birthed	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Use	Cattle	7	1997 1997	1998 1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Use	Cattle Swine	# of cows that birthed						
Use		# of cows that birthed Units						2002
Use	Swine	# of cows that birthed Units # of sows that birthed	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Use	Swine OTHER (specify below)	# of cows that birthed Units # of sows that birthed # of productive units	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	
Use	Swine OTHER (specify below) Dairy	# of cows that birthed Units # of sows that birthed # of productive units kg butterfat / day	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Use	Swine OTHER (specify below) Dairy Dairy	# of cows that birthed Units # of sows that birthed # of productive units kg butterfat / day kg milk / day	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Use	Swine OTHER (specify below) Dairy Dairy PMU	# of cows that birthed Units # of sows that birthed # of productive units kg butterfat / day kg milk / day grams / year	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Use	Swine OTHER (specify below) Dairy Dairy PMU Chickens, layers (eggs for hatching)	# of cows that birthed Units # of sows that birthed # of productive units kg butterfat / day kg milk / day grams / year # producing	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002

All applicants must complete Part 2c. CFIP uses the information on this Part to adjust your reference year program margins, where necessary, to account for a structural change that occurred on your farming operation.

If you are a partner, report 100% of the production. If you are in a livestock share agreement, report only your percentage share of the production.

**Note:** If there are any discrepancies between the figures which you provide on your 2002 application and the figures you provided on a previous application, please attach a detailed explanation.

Section A - Sales of Livestock: Under each category heading, indicate the quantity you sold of each type of livestock in each year.

**Section B - Cattle and Swine:** Provide a breakdown of the number of females that have birthed for this operation within each year.

Other Livestock: For supply-managed commodities, enter the amount of quota/contract held in each year. For livestock that produces other products, enter the number of producing animals (e.g., honey bees: enter the # of colonies/hives). For all other livestock that are intended for meat or breeding, enter the number of animal sales.

#### Part 3

## Miscellaneous Income and Expense Details

Agricultural contract work income (allowable) - specify	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Subtotal		0				
Machine rental income (non-allowable) - specify	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Subtotal						
Total						
Other Income (Line 9600 of your T1163 or T2042) a	and Provinc	ial Program Payn	nents			
Office Use Other Income - specify	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
		0				
Provincial program payments - specify	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total						
Contract Work / Machine Rental Expense						
Agricultural contract work expense (allowable) - specify	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Subtotal	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Machine rental expense (non-allowable) - specify	1997	1990	1999	2000	2001	2002
		0				
Subtotal						
Total						
Salaries and Wages	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
						_

Under international trade guidelines, only income and expenses derived from agriculture are eligible for farm support programs. For this reason, income and expense items related to agriculture (e.g., agricultural custom work) are included in the CFIP program margins, whereas income and expense items that are unrelated to agriculture (e.g., non-agricultural custom work, machine rental) are excluded. For further details on allowable and non-allowable income and expenses, refer to Pages 6 to 8 of the CFIP 2002 Program Handbook.

Both allowable and non-allowable income and expense items are often reported as a single item for tax purposes. In order to adjust your program margins accordingly, CFIP requires a more detailed breakdown of the following information that you reported on your statement of farming activities:

- Contract Work and Machine Rental Income
- Other Income
- Contract Work and Machine Rental Expenses
- Salaries and Wages

Non-arm's length salaries

## Part 3 Miscellaneous Income and Expense Details

**Note:** If you have already provided some or all of your historical information through a previous AIDA or CFIP application, provide the information for only those years that were not detailed on your previous applications. If there are any discrepancies between the figures which you provide on your 2002 application and the figures you provided on a previous application, please attach a detailed explanation.

Contract Work / Machine Rental Income: Provide an itemized breakdown of all income items that you reported on Line 9601 and/or Line 9614 of your statement of farming activities for each year. Each item must be described separately under the appropriate heading. Attach a separate list if additional space is required.

Agricultural contract work income includes income from custom harvesting, custom spraying, and contract seed cleaning. Machine rental income refers to income generated from the rental of machinery. If any machine rental income items were included on line 9601 of your statement of farming activities, you must list these items and their amounts under "Machine Rental Income".

**Note:** The total dollar amount in each year must equal the amount you reported for Custom Work/ Machine Rental income on your statement of farming activities in each year.

Other Income: Provide an itemized breakdown of all income reported on Line 9600 of your statement of farming activities for each year. Also, specify any provincial program payments and the amounts you received in each year (see Page 5 for a list of applicable program payments). Indicate where on your statement of farming activities these payments are declared.

Provide an itemized breakdown of all expense: Provide an itemized breakdown of all expense items that you reported as Custom Work and Machinery Rental expenses on your statement of farming activities for each year (Lines 9798 and/or Line 9765 of your T1163 if you participate in NISA; otherwise, under the heading of "Custom or contract work, and machinery rental expense" of your T2042). Each item must be described separately under the appropriate heading. Attach a separate list if additional space is required.

Agricultural contract work expenses include expenses from custom harvesting, custom spraying, and contract seed cleaning. Machinery rental and lease refer to expenses incurred from the rental or leasing of machinery. If any machine rental expense items were reported on line 9798 of your T1163, you must list these items and their amounts under "Machine Rental Expense".

**Note:** The total dollar amount in each year must equal the amount you reported for Custom Work/ Machine Rental expense on your statement of farming activities in each year.

- Salaries and Wages: Provide an itemized breakdown of the salary expenses you reported on your statement of farming activities for each year (Lines 9815, 9816, and/or 9828 of your T1163 if you participate in NISA; otherwise, under "Salaries, Wages, and Benefits" of your T2042). For CFIP purposes, two or more individuals are deemed to deal with each other at non-arm's length if:
- a) one is the child or descendent of the other;
- b) they are brothers or sisters;
- c) they are married to each other or common-law;
- d) one is married to a person who is connected to the person as described in a) or b) above; or
- e) one has been adopted by the other, or by some person connected to the other as described in a) above.

Non-arm's length salaries, though allowable as an expense, must be reported separately from arm's length salaries. This is necessary for identifying significant non-arm's length transactions between operations, and determining their eligibility for CFIP using a "whole farm" approach.

## Part 4a Purchased Inputs Valuation

		(a)
Office Use Only	Description	Start of 2002 Value (\$)
	Fertilizer A	\$40,000
	Pesticide B	\$20,000
	0	2
	Totals	\$60,000

	(b)
End (	of 2002 Value (\$)
	\$45,000
	\$10,000
	(3)
	\$55,000

01

Net increase (decrease) in value of purchased inputs (Total column (b) - Total column (a)):

(\$5,000)

All applicants, except those who filed to CCRA on the accrual basis for all years, must complete Part 4a of the application. This part is used to match input expenses with the production year in which they are used. Examples of inputs include fuel, chemicals, purchased seed, etc.

- **Description:** List all inputs you had on hand at the start of your 2002 fiscal period and at the end of your 2002 fiscal period. This includes fall application of chemicals (if applicable) and prepaid purchases. If you choose to report purchased seed in this section, do not report the amount again on Part 5 Crops Inventory.
- a) Start of 2002 Value: Indicate the dollar amount you had on hand at the start of your 2002 fiscal period. Include any applicable fall applications, as well as any amounts corresponding to prepaid purchases in 2001 that were designated for the 2002 fiscal year. If there are any discrepancies between the start-of-year figures which you provide on your 2002 application and the end-of-year figures you provided on your 2001 application, please attach a detailed explanation.
- **a b) End of 2002 Value:** Indicate the dollar amount that you had on hand at the end of your 2002 fiscal period. Include any applicable fall applications and any prepaid purchases in 2002 that are designated for the 2003 fiscal year.
- c) Net increase (decrease) in value of purchased inputs: is the total of column (b) MINUS the total of column (a). A positive number indicates a net increase in the value of your inputs inventory, while a negative number indicates a net decrease in the value of your inputs inventory.

**Example:** The example (shown above) is based on a December 31st fiscal year-end. In October of 2001, you purchased \$40,000 worth of Fertilizer A. You applied half of this amount that fall, and carried the other half in inventory into the 2002 fiscal year. Even though the fall-applied amounts were no longer physically on hand at the start of your 2002 fiscal period, they were still being used to produce your 2002 crops and therefore should be included as part of your opening quantity for 2002. To report this correctly, you report a total of \$40,000 in column (a). In October of 2002, you purchased \$45,000 worth of Fertilizer A. Once again, you applied half of this amount that fall and carried the other half in inventory into the 2003 fiscal year. Consequently, you report a total of \$45,000 in column (b).

Also, to start the 2002 fiscal year, you had \$15,000 worth of Pesticide B on hand, and had prepaid for an additional \$5,000 worth. Even though the prepaid amounts were not physically on hand at the start of your 2002 fiscal year, they were still used to produce your 2002 crops and therefore should be included as part of your opening quantity for 2002. To report this correctly, you report a total of \$20,000 in column (a). At the end of the 2002 fiscal year, you had \$10,000 worth of Pesticide B on hand and no prepaid amounts. Therefore, you report a total of \$10,000 in column (b).

## Part 4b Deferred Income and Receivables

Office Use Only	Description	(a) Opening Receivables and Income Deferred to 2002
	Crop insurance claims	\$20,000
	Deferred grain ticket	0
	Receivables Adjustment for Pooled Commodities*	\$10,000
	Totals	\$30,000

Ending Receivables and 2002 Income Deferred to 2003 \$15,000 \$12,000
3/2/4
\$12,000
\$8,000
\$35,000

A Net increase (decrease) in deferred income and receivables (Total column (b) - Total column (a)):

\$5,000

All applicants, except those who filed to CCRA on the accrual basis for all years, must complete Part 4b of the application. This part is used to determine the net change in deferred income and accounts receivable in your 2002 fiscal year. Deferred income is income you have chosen to postpone receipt of to the following tax year. A receivable is income that you are owed for goods delivered or services provided in one fiscal year, but is not paid to you until the following tax year.

In order for deferred income or a receivable to be considered allowable for CFIP, it must be associated with income that is considered allowable for CFIP (e.g., a receivable for agricultural custom work is allowable; a receivable for machinery rental is non-allowable). For further details on allowable and non-allowable items, refer to Page 6 of the CFIP 2002 Program Handbook.

For CFIP purposes, Canadian Wheat Board (CWB) adjustment, interim, and final payments, or payments from any other pooled commodity are *not* to be reported as receivables on this Part of the application. Only CWB payments that you actually deferred from one fiscal year to another are to be reported on this Part. You must submit receipts to substantiate all CWB deferrals.

Receivables Adjustment for Pooled Commodities (RAPC): The RAPC is an option available to applicants who produce commodities that are marketed through a central pool (e.g., CWB). The RAPC adjusts their claim year margin to isolate and approximate the full value of their claim year crop. Applicants wishing to use the RAPC must complete the supplementary *RAPC Schedules* and submit them with their CFIP application.

**Note:** Although the RAPC is optional, applicants who had the RAPC applied to their margin in 2001 will be required to use the RAPC if they apply to CFIP in 2002.

(a) Indicate the dollar value of the account receivable or deferred income item that is owed to you at the start of your 2002 fiscal period. If there are any discrepancies between the start-of-year figures which you provide on your 2002 application and the end-of-year figures you provided on your 2001 application, please attach a detailed explanation.

(b) Indicate the dollar value of the account receivable or deferred income item that is owed to you at the end of your 2002 fiscal period.

If you are using the RAPC, transfer the appropriate values from your RAPC Schedules onto this line.

"Net increase (decrease) in deferred income and receivables" is the total of column (b) MINUS the total of column (a). A positive number indicates a net increase in your deferred income and receivables. A negative number indicates a net decrease in your deferred income and receivables.

**Example** (shown above): You deferred a \$20,000 crop insurance payment for your 2001 crops into your 2002 fiscal year. In 2002, you deferred two items into the 2003 fiscal year: a \$15,000 crop insurance payment for your 2002 crops and a \$12,000 ticket for a grain delivery.

After completing the RAPC Schedules, you also determine that you received \$10,000 in CWB payments (adjustment, final, interim) in your 2002 fiscal year for crops produced in previous years. You project you will also receive \$8,000 in future CWB payments for crops you harvested in your 2002 fiscal year. To report this correctly, you enter \$10,000 as an opening receivable and \$8,000 as an ending receivable on the RAPC Line.

## Pant 4c Accounts Payable

		(a)
Office Use Only	Description	Accounts Payable Start of 2002
	Gasoline	\$10,000
	Fertilizer	
		0
	Totals	\$10,000

	(b)
Α	ccounts Payable End of 2002
	\$15,000
	\$30,000
	0
	\$45,000
	(\$35,000)

Net decrease (increase) in accounts payable (Total column (a) - Total column (b)):

All applicants, except for those who filed to CCRA on the accrual basis for all years, must complete Part 4c of the application. This part is used to determine the net change in accounts payable in your 2002 fiscal year. An account payable is an expense that you owe for goods and services received, but for which you have not paid by the end of your fiscal year.

In order for an account payable to be considered allowable for CFIP, it must be associated with an expense that is considered allowable for CFIP (e.g., a payable for a livestock purchase is allowable; a payable for building a barn is non-allowable).

#### Include on this Part:

- any inputs that were not paid for but were on hand in your inventory at the start or end of your 2002 fiscal year (they must also be reported appropriately on Part 4a).
- any crops or livestock that were unpaid but on hand in your inventory at the start or end of your 2002 fiscal year (they must also be reported appropriately on Parts 5 & 6).

#### Do not include on this Part:

- the interest portion of an account payable;
- amounts owed for items purchased through loans, lines of credit, or credit cards that have already been reported as an expense to CCRA for tax purposes;
- CWB advance payments.

- Indicate the dollar amount that you owe for the payable item at the start of your 2002 fiscal period. If there are any discrepancies between the start-of-year figures which you provide on your 2002 application and the end-of-year figures you provided on your 2001 application, please attach a detailed explanation.
- Indicate the dollar amount that you owed for the payable item at the end of your 2002 fiscal period.
- "Net decrease (increase) in accounts payable" is the total of column (a) MINUS the total of column (b). A positive number indicates a net decrease in your accounts payable. A negative number indicates a net increase in your accounts payable.

**Example:** The example (shown above) is based on a December 31st fiscal year-end. In October of 2001, you purchased and received \$10,000 worth of gasoline which you did not pay for until 2002.

At the end of your 2002 fiscal year, you purchased and received \$15,000 worth of gasoline as well as \$30,000 in fertilizer, both of which you did not pay for until your 2003 fiscal year.

## Part 5 Crop Inventory Valuation

	0	2	(3)	- 4	6	6		8	0	0	0	(D)	B
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)		(m)	
Code	Crop / Grade	Units	Acres	Starting Inventory	Quantity Produced	Quantity Purchased	Quantity Sold	Quantity Used as Feed	Quantity Used as Seed	Ending Inventory (e+f+g-h-i-j)	Change in Quantity (k - e)	Fair Market Value	Change in Value (l x m)
5114	No. 2 CW Red Spring wheat (13.0)	tonnes	200	25	150	0	165	0	10	0	(25)	107.78	(2,694.50)
5120	No. 3 CW Red Spring wheat (13.0)	tonnes		0	150	0	0	50	0	100	100	81.78	8,178.00
						1						1 (1)	65.400.50

You must complete Part 5 of the application if you meet any of the following criteria:

- · you produced crops during the claim year;
- · you purchased or sold crops in the claim year; or,
- you carried over crops in your inventories from one fiscal year to another.

If you filed to CCRA on the accrual basis for all years, you do not need to complete columns (l), (m), or (n).

This part of the application is used to measure your crop production in the claim year and to establish that your farm has completed a production cycle. Refer to your crop production records, sales and feeding records, crop insurance measurements, and inventory records to help you complete this part. If you are involved in a partnership, complete this part listing the total acres and quantities for the partnership. If you are involved in a crop share, list only your share of the acres and quantities.

- (b) List all commodities that you produced, purchased, sold, or had on hand at the beginning and/or end of your 2002 fiscal period. List each grade or variety of crop separately (e.g., list #1 Wheat (15%) separately from #1 Wheat (12.5%)). Use the CFIP Price List to record the appropriate commodity code for each grade and variety in column (a). Leave the code blank if your commodity is not listed on the CFIP Price List.
- (c) Units must be units of measurement (e.g., tonnes), not dollars. Use the same unit of measurement when completing columns (e) to (l).
- (d) Indicate the number of acres used to produce each crop. The total acres should add up to the total acres you indicate as seeded and forage acres for 2002 on Part 2b.

- (e) Indicate the quantity of the commodity you had on hand at the start of your 2002 fiscal year. If there are any discrepancies between the start-of-year figures which you provide on your 2002 application and the end-of-year figures you provided on your 2001 application, please attach a detailed explanation.
- (f) Indicate the quantity of the crop that was produced on the seeded acres.
- (g) Indicate the quantity of the commodity you purchased in 2002. If you have not yet paid for the purchase of the commodity by your 2002 fiscal year-end, the expense should also be reported as an account payable on Part 4c. However, you must still report the quantity you purchased on this Part to show the addition to your inventory.
- (h) Indicate the quantity of the commodity that you sold in 2002. If you have deferred the income from the sale of the inventory, the income should be reported on Part 4b. However, you must still report the quantity you delivered as a sale on this Part to show the reduction in your inventory.
- (i) Indicate the quantity of the commodity that you used to feed your own livestock.
- (j) Indicate the quantity of the commodity that you used as seed.
- (k) Determine the quantity of each commodity that you had on hand at the end of the fiscal year by using the following calculation: Starting Inventory + Quantity Produced + Quantity Purchased Quantity Sold Quantity Used as Feed Quantity Used as Seed = Ending Inventory.

Standing Crops: If your fiscal year-end is such that your farm always has a standing crop (e.g. July 31), do not include the standing crop in inventory. If your fiscal year-end is such that a standing crop occurs in some years because harvesting may or may not have been completed by fiscal year-end (e.g. Sept. 30), include the standing crop in inventory.

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## Part 5 Crop Inventory Valuation (cont'd)

	0	2	0	4	6	(3)	0	0	0	0	0	1	<b>(B)</b>
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)	(k)	(1)	(m)	(n)
Code	Crop / Grade	Units	Acres	Starting Inventory	Quantity Produced	Quantity Purchased	Quantity Sold	Quantity Used as Feed	Quantity Used as Seed	Ending Inventory (e+f+g-h-i-j)	Change in Quantity (k - e)	Fair Market Value	Change in Value (I x m)
5114	No. 2 CW Red Spring wheat (13.0)	tonnes	200	25	150	0	165	0	10	0	(25)	107.78	(2,694.50)
5120	No. 3 CW Red Spring wheat (13.0)	tonnes		0	150	0	0	50	0	100	100	81.78	8,178.00

**Snowed-under crops:** Snowed-under crops are considered to be inventory and should be reported on a separate line on this Part. However, if the crop was not salvageable, indicate a quantity of zero.

- (I) "Change in Quantity" is "Ending Inventory" MINUS "Starting Inventory". This may result in a negative number.
- (m) You will need a fair market value (FMV) to value each crop. A commodity price list with FMV's by province is provided in the CFIP Price List.

Using FMV's Other Than Those in the CFIP Price List: If you feel the FMV's on the CFIP Price List are unreasonable for your farm, you may use your own FMV's based on sales or purchases of the commodities in your name occurring within 30 days before or after your current fiscal year-end. For your own FMV's to be accepted, you must submit copies of receipts and/or supporting documents that substantiate these FMV's with your application.

FMV's for Commodities Not Listed in the CFIP Price List: Where the CFIP Price List does not provide a FMV for a specific commodity, you must provide a FMV for your commodity. Although it is not mandatory for an applicant to provide documentation supporting prices submitted for unpublished commodities, doing so will assist CFIP in determining whether the FMV you have submitted is reasonable for your farming operation. Supporting documentation includes:

- receipts from sales or purchases of the commodity;
- price information from appropriate commodity marketing agencies.

**Note:** To be considered, supporting documentation must be submitted with your application.

In all cases, CFIP reserves the right to determine whether submitted FMV's are reasonable for your farm. For further details, refer to the *CFIP Price List*.

**Note:** CFIP will value commodities on a grade and/ or protein level basis if a) it was produced by a certified seed grower, b) it is a sample grade, or c) it is valued by grade/protein level on the *CFIP Price List*.

Harvesting Allowance: FMV's applied to both standing and snowed-under crops will be reduced by a harvesting allowance.

- (n) "Change in Value" is "Change in Quantity" MULTIPLIED BY "Fair Market Value". This may result in a negative number.
- Total the values in column (n) to determine your net increase or decrease in the value of your crops inventory. A positive value indicates a net increase in the value of your inventory. A negative value indicates a net decrease in the value of your inventory.

**Example:** You started your 2002 fiscal year with 25 tonnes of No. 2 CWRS wheat in your inventory. You use 10 tonnes of this wheat to seed 200 acres, and in the fall, you harvest 300 tonnes of wheat. Half of the harvest was No. 2 grade (13.0), while the other half was No. 3 grade (13.0).

Before the end of your 2002 fiscal year, you sell all of your No. 2 CWRS wheat, and feed 50 tonnes of the No. 3 CWRS to your livestock. This results in an ending inventory of 100 tonnes of No. 3 CWRS wheat.

## Part 6 Livestock Inventory Valuation

(a)	0	(c)	2 (d)	0	4	(g)	(h)	6	(j)	(k)	(1)	8 (m)	9	10	0
Code		Starting Inventory		Births	Purchases	Sales		Deaths	Transfers In	Transfers Out	Ending Inventory (c+e+f-g-i+j-k)		Change in	Fair	Change in
Loge	Description	# of head	Avg. weight	# of head	# of head	# of head	Avg. weight	# of head	# of head	# of head	# of head	Avg. weight	Quantity (I - c)	Market Value	(n x o)
6005 E	Bulls - breeding	1	1,400 lbs								1	1,400 lbs	0		
6007	Cows - breeding	20	1,200 lbs							2	18	1,200 lbs	(2)	1,250.00	(2,500.00)
6031	Calves (birth - 300 lbs)	0		17				2		15	0		0		
6009 F	Feeder steers (401-500 lbs)	0				7	480 lbs		7		0		0		
6016 F	Feeder heifers (401-500 lbs)	0				8	450 lbs		8		0		0		
6003	Cows - cull	0				2	1,200 lbs		2		0		0		

You must complete Part 6 of the application if you meet any of the following criteria:

- you raised livestock during the claim year;
- · you purchased or sold livestock in the claim year;
- you carried over livestock in your inventories from one fiscal year to another.

If you filed to CCRA on the accrual basis for all years, you do not need to complete columns (n), (o), or (p).

This part of the application is used to measure your livestock production in the claim year, and to establish that your farm has completed a production cycle. Refer to your livestock production records, sales and purchase invoices, and inventory records to assist you in completing this part. If you are involved in a partnership, complete this Part listing the total number of livestock for the partnership. If you are in a livestock leasing agreement, list only your share of the livestock animal (e.g., ½ bull).

- (b) List all livestock that you raised, purchased, sold, or had on-hand at the beginning and/or end of your 2002 fiscal period. List each class of livestock separately (e.g., list feeder heifers in the 301-400 lb weight class separately from feeder heifers in the 401-500 lb weight class). Use the CFIP Price List to record the appropriate commodity code for each livestock class in column (a).
- (c) Indicate the number of head of each livestock class that you had on-hand at the start of your 2002 fiscal period. Indicate the average weight of the animals in column (d). If there are any discrepancies between the start-of-year figures which you provide on your 2002 application and the end-of-year figures you provided on your 2001 application, please attach a detailed explanation.

**Note:** You must use actual numbers of head. Do not round numbers, and do not enter dollar values in columns (c) to (n).

- (e) Indicate the number of births in that weight class of livestock.
- (f) Indicate the number of livestock in that weight class that you purchased in 2002. If you have not yet paid for the purchase of the livestock by your 2002 fiscal year-end, the expense should also be reported as an account payable on Part 4c. However, you must still report the number you purchased on this Part as the animals are physically on-hand in your inventory.
- (g) Indicate the number of livestock in that weight class that you sold in 2002. Indicate the average weight of the animals that were sold in column (h). If you have deferred the income from the sale of the inventory, the income should be reported on Part 4b. However, you must still report the number of head you sold on this Part, as the animals are no longer in your inventory.
- (i) Indicate the number of deaths in that weight class of livestock.
- 7 Transfers refer to the number of animals in your 2002 fiscal period that grew or moved from one livestock class into another livestock class. For example, if you start your fiscal year with 20 feeder steer calves and they grow to 1,000 lb feeder steers by the end of your fiscal year, you would correctly report this as 20 head transfering out of the feeder steer calf class, and 20 head transfering in to the 900+ lbs feeder steer class. In column (j) indicate the number of livestock that transfered into the specified livestock class in your 2002 fiscal period. In column (k), indicate the number of livestock that transferred out of the specified livestock class in your 2002 fiscal period. Total transfers in must equal total transfers out.

## Part 6 Livestock Inventory Valuation (cont'd)

(a)	0	(c)	2 (d)	3	4	(g)	(h)	6	(j)	(k)	(1)	8 (m)	9	10	0
Code		Starting	Inventory	Births	Purchases	S	ales	Deaths	Transfers In	Transfers Out		Inventory f-g-i+j-k)	Change in	Fair Market	Change in
Code	Description	# of head	Avg. weight	# of head	# of head	# of head	Avg. weight	# of head	# of head	# of head	# of head	Avg. weight	Quantity (I - c)	Value	(n x o)
6005	Bulls - breeding	1	1,400 lbs								1	1,400 lbs	0		
6007	Cows - breeding	20	1,200 lbs							2	18	1,200 lbs	(2)	1,250.00	(2,500.00)
6031	Calves (birth - 300 lbs)	0		17				2		15	0		0		
6009	Feeder steers (401-500 lbs)	0				7	480 lbs		7		0		0		
6016	Feeder heifers (401-500 lbs)	0				8	450 lbs		8		0		0		
6003	Cows - cull	0				2	1,200 lbs		2		0		0		

- (I) Indicate the number of head of each livestock class that you had on-hand at the end of your 2002 fiscal period. Indicate the average weight of the animals in column (m). The number of animals in your ending inventory must equal the following calculation: Starting Inventory + Births + Purchases Sales Deaths + Transfers In Transfers Out = Ending Inventory.
- (a) "Change in Quantity" is "Ending Inventory" MINUS "Starting Inventory". This may result in a negative number.
- (0) You will need an FMV to value each class and species of livestock. A commodity price list with FMV's by province is provided in the CFIP Price List.

Using FMV's Other Than Those in the CFIP Price List: If you feel the FMV's on the CFIP Price List are unreasonable for your farm, you may use your own FMV's based on sales or purchases of the commodities in your name occurring within 30 days before or after your current fiscal year-end. For your own FMV's to be accepted, you must submit copies of receipts and/or supporting documents that substantiate these FMV's with your application.

FMV's for Commodities Not Listed in the CFIP Price List: Where the CFIP Price List does not provide an FMV for a specific commodity, you must provide an FMV for your commodity. Although it is not mandatory for an applicant to provide documentation supporting prices submitted for unpublished commodities, doing so will assist CFIP in determining whether the FMV you have submitted is reasonable for your farming operation. Supporting documentation includes:

- receipts from sales or purchases of the commodity;
- price information from appropriate commodity marketing agencies.

**Note:** To be considered, supporting documentation must be submitted with your application.

In all cases, CFIP reserves the right to determine whether submitted FMV's are reasonable for your farm. For further details, refer to the CFIP Price List.

- (p) "Change in Value" is "Change in Quantity" MULTIPLIED BY "Fair Market Value". This may result in a negative number.
- Total the values in column (p) to determine the net increase or decrease in the value of your livestock inventory. A positive value indicates a net increase in the value of your inventory. A negative value indicates a net decrease in the value of your inventory.

Example: You started your 2002 fiscal year with 1 breeding bull and 20 breeding cows. During the year, 17 calves are born, of which 15 survive (7 steers and 8 heifers). Before the end of your 2002 fiscal year, you sell the calves when they reach the 401-500 lb weight class. This is reported by transferring 15 animals *out* of the calves category, and transferring 7 animals *in* to the feeder steer (401-500 lbs) category and 8 animals *in* to the feeder heifer (401-500 lbs) category. You also cull and sell 2 of your breeding cows. This is reported by transferring 2 animals *out* of the breeding cows category, and transferring them *in* to the cull cows D3 category.







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